UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN SOUTHERN DIVISION



UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

٧.

CYNTHIA FLOWERS,

Defendant.

Case No. 16-CR-20439

Hon. Matthew F. Leitman

Offense: Structuring Financial

Transactions (31 U.S.C. § 5324)

Maximum Penalty: 5 years

Maximum Fine: \$250,000 or twice the

amount of gross financial gain.

Maximum Supervised Release: 3 years

RULE 11 PLEA AGREEMENT

Pursuant to Rule 11 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, defendant Cynthia Flowers and the government agree as follows:

1. Guilty Plea

A. Count of Conviction

Defendant will enter a plea of guilty to Count One of the Information, which charges her with structuring financial transactions, in violation of 31 U. S. C. § 5324.

B. Elements of Offense

The elements of Count One are as follows:

- 1. That the defendant caused or attempted to cause a domestic financial institution to fail to file a report under section 5313(a) or 5325 or any regulation prescribed under any such section, to file a report or to maintain a record as described in 5324(a)(1) and/or
- 2. To structure or assist in structuring, or attempt to structure or assist in structuring, any transaction with one or more domestic financial institutions as described in 5324(a)(3).

C. Factual Basis for Guilty Plea

The following facts are a sufficient and accurate basis for defendant's guilty plea:

On multiple occasions from August of 2010 through June of 2013, Cynthia Flowers purchased money orders at different U.S. Post Offices (USPO) in the Metro Detroit area using cash totaling \$3,000 or more at a single post office. On those occasions, the U.S. Postal Service (USPS) was required under Title 31 of the United States Code to report the cash transactions to the U.S. Department of Treasury since they involved \$3,000 or more in currency. To fulfill the reporting requirement, the post office completed and filed a Funds Transaction Report (Form 8105-A) with information from the purchaser.

FLOWERS's pattern of purchasing USPS money orders changed starting in March of 2013 and continuing through May of 2015. During that time, there were multiple occasions when FLOWERS used \$3,000 or more in cash to purchase money orders within days of one another, or on the same day but at different USPOs to ensure that no one USPO received \$3,000 or more on the same day.

In total, FLOWERS purchased 168 money orders totaling \$154,700 during the above period and structured her purchases in the above described manner, which was designed to evade currency transaction reporting requirements.

2. Sentencing Guidelines

A. Standard of Proof

The Court will find sentencing factors by a preponderance of the evidence.

B. Agreed Guideline Range

There are no sentencing guideline disputes. Except as provided below, the defendant's guideline range is 18 - 24 months, as set forth on the attached worksheets. If the Court finds:

- 1. That defendant's criminal history category is higher than reflected on the attached worksheets, or
- 2. that the offense level should be higher because, after pleading guilty, defendant made any false statement to or withheld

information from her probation officer; otherwise demonstrated a lack of acceptance of responsibility for her offense; or obstructed justice or committed any crime,

and if any such finding results in a guideline range higher than 18-24 months, the higher guideline range becomes the **agreed range**. However, if the Court finds that defendant is a career offender, an armed career criminal, or a repeat and dangerous sex offender as defined under the sentencing guidelines or other federal law, and that finding is not already reflected in the attached worksheets, this paragraph does not authorize a corresponding increase in the agreed range.

Neither party may take a position concerning the applicable guidelines that is different than any position of that party as reflected in the attached worksheets, except as necessary to the Court's determination regarding subsections 1) and 2), above.

3. Sentence

The Court will impose a sentence pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3553, and in doing so must consider the sentencing guideline range.

A. <u>Imprisonment</u>

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11(c)(1)(C) the sentence of imprisonment in this case may not exceed the top of the sentencing guideline range as determined by Paragraph 2B.

B. Supervised Release

A term of supervised release follows the term of imprisonment. The Court must impose a term of supervised release, which in this case is 3 years. The agreement concerning imprisonment described above in Paragraph 3A does not apply to any term of imprisonment that result from any later revocation of supervised release.

C. Special Assessment

Defendant will pay a special assessment of \$100.00 at the time of sentencing.

D. Fine

There is no agreement as to fines.

E. Restitution

Restitution is not applicable to this case.

4. Use of Withdrawn Guilty Plea

If the Court allows defendant to withdraw her guilty plea for a "fair and just reason" pursuant to Fed. R. Crim. P. 11(d)(2)(B), defendant waives her rights under Fed. R. Evid. 410, and the government may use her guilty plea, any statement made under oath at the change-of-plea hearing, and the factual basis statement in this plea agreement, against her in any proceeding.

5. Each Party's Right to Withdraw from This Agreement

The government may withdraw from this agreement if the Court finds the correct guideline range to be different than is determined by Paragraph 2B.

Defendant may withdraw from this agreement, and may withdraw her guilty plea, if the Court decides to impose a sentence higher than the maximum allowed by Paragraph 3. This is the only reason for which defendant may withdraw from this agreement. The Court shall advise defendant that if she does not withdraw her guilty plea under this circumstance, the Court may impose a sentence greater than the maximum allowed by Paragraph 3.

6. Appeal Waiver

The defendant waives any right she may have to appeal her conviction on any grounds. If the sentence imposed does not exceed the maximum allowed by Paragraph 3 of this agreement, the defendant also waives any right she may have to appeal her sentence on any grounds. If the defendant's sentence of imprisonment is at least 18 months, the government waives any right it may have to appeal the defendant's sentence.

Nothing in this waiver bars a claim of ineffective assistance of counsel on appeal or by Collateral Relief under 28 U.S.C. § 2255.

7. Consequences of Withdrawal of Guilty Plea or Vacation of Conviction

If defendant is allowed to withdraw her guilty plea(s) or if any conviction entered pursuant to this agreement is vacated, the Court shall, on the government's request, reinstate any charges that were dismissed as part of this agreement. If additional charges are filed against defendant within six months after the date the order vacating defendant's conviction or allowing her to withdraw her guilty plea(s) becomes final, which charges relate directly or indirectly to the conduct underlying the guilty plea(s) or to any conduct reflected in the attached worksheets, defendant waives her right to challenge the additional charges on the ground that they were not filed in a timely manner, including any claim that they were filed after the limitations period expired.

8. Parties to Plea Agreement

Unless otherwise indicated, this agreement does not bind any government agency except the United States Attorney's Office for the Eastern District of Michigan.

9. Scope of Plea Agreement

This agreement, which includes all documents that it explicitly incorporates, is the complete agreement between the parties. This agreement supersedes all other promises, representations, understandings and agreements between the parties concerning the subject matter of this plea agreement that were made at any time

before the guilty plea is entered in court. Thus, no oral or written promises made by the government to defendant or to the attorney for the defendant at any time before defendant pleads guilty are binding except to the extent they have been explicitly incorporated into this agreement.

Notwithstanding the previous paragraph, if defendant has entered into a proffer agreement in writing or a cooperation agreement in writing with the government, this plea agreement does not supersede or abrogate the terms of any such prior written agreement.

This agreement also does not prevent any civil or administrative actions against defendant, or any forfeiture claim against any property, by the United States or any other party.

10. Acceptance of Agreement by Defendant

This plea offer expires unless it has been received, fully signed, in the Office of the United States Attorney by 5:00 P.M. on 07/08/2016. The government reserves the right to modify or revoke this offer at any time before defendant pleads guilty.

Barbara L. McQuade United States Attorney

John K. Neal

Assistant United States Attorney

Chief, White Collar Crimes

Abed Hammoud

Assistant United States Attorney

Date: 06/09/2016

By signing below, defendant acknowledges that she has read (or been read) this entire document, understands it, and agrees to its terms. She also acknowledges that she is satisfied with her attorney's advice and representation. Defendant agrees that she has had a full and complete opportunity to confer with her lawyer, and has had all of her questions answered by her lawyer.

Allison Folmar

Attorney for Defendant

6/11/16

Date

Cynthia Flowers

lune 11,2016

Defendant

Date

WORKSHEET A (Offense Levels)

Defendant:	Cynthia Flo	owers	Count(s):	1	
Docket No:	: 16-20439	75-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	_ Statute(s):	31 U.S.C. § 5324	
of conviction) be counts of convic	efore applying the mul ction are all "closely re	tiple-count rules in U.S.S.G. elated" to each other within	G. ch. 3, pt. D. However the meaning of U.S.S.	nduct and treating each stipulated off, in any case involving multiple cour. § 3D1.2(d), complete only a single	nts of con-viction, if t e Worksheet A.
<u>Guideli</u>	ine Section		<u>Description</u>	<u>on</u>	Levels
2S1.3(a))(2)	Structuring mo	netary transaction	S	8
2B1.1(b			50,000 less \$250,0	**************************************	10
•	USTMENTS (U	.S.S.G. ch. 3, pts. A	, B, C) <u>Descripti</u>	<u>on</u>	Levels
Enter of con	viction (taking into ac	levels entered in Items 1 a count relevant conduct and more additional Workshe	treating each stipulated		18
$\boxtimes A$	If this is the only	Worksheet A, check	this box and skip	Worksheet B.	
$\boxtimes I$	If the defendant h	as no criminal histo	ry, check this box	and skip Worksheet C.	

WORKSHEET C (Criminal History)

Date of defendant's commencement of the instant offense (taking into account relevant conduct and stipulated offenses):

1. PRIOR SENTENCES

Prior Sentence of Imprisonment Exceeding 13 Months (U.S.S.G. §§ 4A1.1(a)): 3 POINTS

Enter 3 points for each prior adult sentence of imprisonment exceeding one year and one month that either (1) was imposed within 15 years of the defendant's commencement of the instant offenses (taking into account relevant conduct and stipulated offenses) or (2) resulted in the defendant's confinement during any part of that 15-year period. (See U.S.S.G. §§ 4A1.1(a), 4A1.2(d)(1), (e)(1).)

Prior Sentence of Imprisonment of at Least 60 Days (U.S.S.G. §§ 4A1.1(b)): 2 POINTS

Enter 2 points for each prior sentence of imprisonment of at least 60 days not counted under U.S.S.G. § 4A1.1(a) that either (1) resulted from an offense committed after the defendant turned 18 and was imposed within 10 years of the defendant's commencement of the instant offense (taking into account relevant conduct and stipulated offenses) (see U.S.S.G. §§ 4A1.1(b), 4A1.2(e)(2)) or (2) resulted from an offense committed before the defendant turned 18 and resulted in the defendant's confinement during any part of the 5-year period preceding the defendant's commencement of the instant offense (see U.S.S.G. §§ 4A1.1(b), 4A1.2(d)(2)(A)).

Other Prior Sentences (U.S.S.G. §§ 4A1.1(c)):

1 POINT

Enter 1 point for each prior sentence not counted under U.S.S.G. § 4A1.1(a) or (b) that either (1) resulted from an offense committed after the defendant turned 18 and was imposed within 10 years of the defendant's commencement of the instant offense (taking into account relevant conduct and stipulated offenses) (see U.S.S.G. §§ 4A1.1(c), 4A1.2(e)(2)) or (2) resulted from an offense committed before the defendant turned 18 and was imposed within 5 years of the defendant's commencement of the instant offense (taking into account relevant conduct and stipulated offenses) (see U.S.S.G. §§ 4A1.1(c), 4A1.2(d)(2)(B)). NOTE: No more than 4 points may be added under this item.

Date of Imposition	Status*	Offense	<u>Sentence</u>	Release <u>Date**</u>	<u>Points</u>
		_			

^{*} If the defendant committed the offense before turning 18, indicate whether he or she was sentenced as a juvenile (J) or as an adult (A).

^{**} A release date is required in only three situations: (1) when a sentence covered under U.S.S.G. § 4A1.1(a) was imposed more than 15 years before the defendant's commencement of the instant offense (taking into account relevant conduct and stipulated offenses) but resulted in his or her confinement during any part of that 15-year period; (2) when a sentence counted under U.S.S.G. § 4A1.1(b) was imposed for an offense committed before the defendant turned 18 but resulted in his or her confinement during any part of the 5-year period preceding his or her commencement of the instant offense (taking into account relevant conduct and stipulated offenses); and (3) when 2 criminal history points are added pursuant to U.S.S.G. § 4A1.1(e) because the defendant committed the instant offense (taking into account relevant conduct and stipulated offenses) shortly after or during imprisonment resulting from a sentence counted under U.S.S.G. § 4A1.1(a) or (b) or while he or she was on escape status for such a sentence.

COMMISSION OF INSTANT OFFENSE WHILE UNDER PRIOR SENTENCE (U.S.S.G. §

2.

(WORKSHEET C, p. 2)

4A1.1(d))		
while under any criminal justice sentence	any part of the instant offense (taking into account relative having a custodial or supervisory component, including atus. (See U.S.S.G. §§ 4A1.1(d), 4A1.2(m), (n).) Lis	ng probation, parole, supervised releas
COMMISSION OF INSTANT (U.S.S.G. § 4A1.1(e))	OFFENSE SHORTLY AFTER OR DU	URING IMPRISONMENT
either less than 2 years after release from imprisonment or escape status on such a s	any part of the instant offense (taking into account remprisonment on a sentence counted under U.S.S.G. § entence. However enter, only 1 point for this item if a date of release and identify the sentence from which	§ 4A1.1(a) or 4A1.1(b) or while in 2 points were added under Item 2. (Se
PRIOR SENTENCE RESULT	ING FROM CRIME OF VIOLENCE (1	U.S.S.G. § 4A1.1(f))
4A1.1(a), (b), or (c) because such sentence But enter no points where the sentences at	ting from a conviction for a crime of violence that did e was considered related to another sentence resulting e considered related because the offenses occurred on if violence and briefly explain why the cases are cons	from a conviction for a crime of violenthe same occasion. (See U.S.S.G. §§
TOTAL CRIMINAL HISTOR	y Points	
Enter the sum of the criminal history poin	ts entered in Items 1-4.	0
Charles III		
CRIMINAL HISTORY C	ATEGORY	
Total Criminal History Points	ATEGORY Criminal History Category	
Total Criminal History Points 0 – 1		
Total Criminal History Points 0-1 2-3	Criminal History Category I II	I
Total Criminal History Points 0-1 2-3 4-6	Criminal History Category I II III	I
Total Criminal History Points 0 - 1 2 - 3	Criminal History Category I II	I

WORKSHEET D (Guideline Range)

1.	(COMBINED) ADJUSTED OFFENSE LEVEL	
	Enter the adjusted offense level entered in Item 3 of Worksheet A or the combined adjusted offense level entered in Item 8 of Worksheet B.	18
2.	ADJUSTMENT FOR ACCEPTANCE OF RESPONSIBILITY (U.S.S.G § 3E1.1)	-3
3.	TOTAL OFFENSE LEVEL	15
	Enter the difference between Items 1 and 2.	
4.	CRIMINAL HISTORY CATEGORY	
	Enter "I" if the defendant has no criminal history. Otherwise, enter the criminal history category entered in Item 6 of Worksheet C.	I
5.	CAREER OFFENDER / CRIMINAL LIVELIHOOD / ARMED CAREER CRIMINAL (U.S.S.G. ch. 4, pt. B)	
	a. Total Offense Level: If the career offender provision (U.S.S.G. § 4B1.1), the criminal livelihood provision (U.S.S.G. § 4B1.3), or the armed career criminal provision (U.S.S.G. § 4B1.4) results in a total offense level higher than the total offense level entered in Item 3, enter the higher offense level total.	
	b. <u>Criminal History Category</u> : If the career offender provision (U.S.S.G. § 4B1.1) or the armed career criminal provision (U.S.S.G. § 4B1.4) results in a criminal history category higher than the criminal history category entered in Item 4, enter the higher criminal history category.	
6.	GUIDELINE RANGE FROM SENTENCING TABLE (U.S.S.G. ch. 5, pt. A)	
	Enter the guideline range in the Sentencing Table (see U.S.S.G. ch. 5, pt. A) produced by the total offense level entered in Item 3 or 5.a and the criminal history category entered in Item 4 or 5.b.	18-24
7.	STATUTORY RESTRICTIONS ON OR SUPERSESSION OF GUIDELINE RANGE	
	If the maximum sentence authorized by statute is below, or a minimum sentence required by statute is above, the guideline range entered in Item 6, enter either the guideline range as restricted by statute or the sentence required by statute. (See U.S.S.G. § 5G1.1.) If the sentence on any count of conviction is required by statute to be consecutive to the sentence on any other count of conviction, explain why.	

WORKSHEET E (Authorized Guideline Sentences)

1.	PROBAT	TION (U.S.S.G. ch. 5, pt. B)
	a.	Imposition of a Term of Probation (U.S.S.G. § 5B1.1)
	1.	Probation is not authorized by the guidelines (minimum of guideline range > 6 months or statute of conviction is a Class A or a Class B felony). If this box is checked, go to Item 2 (Split Sentence).
	2.	Probation is authorized by the guidelines (minimum of guideline range = zero months).
	3.	Probation is authorized by the guidelines, provided the court imposes a condition or combination of conditions requiring intermittent confinement, community confinement, or home detention satisfying the minimum of the guideline range (minimum of guideline range > 0 months but ≤ 6 months).
	b.	Length of Term of Probation (U.S.S.G. § 5B1.2)
	1.	At least 1 year but not more than 5 years (total offense level ≥ 6).
	2.	No more than 3 years (total offense level < 6).
	c.	Conditions of Probation (U.S.S.G. § 5B1.3)
		The court must impose certain conditions of probation and may impose other conditions of probation
2.	SPLIT S	ENTENCE (U.S.S.G. § 5C1.1(c)(2), (d)(2))
	a.	A split sentence is not authorized (minimum of guideline range = 0 months or > 10 months).
	b.	A split sentence is authorized (minimum of guideline range > 0 months but \leq 10 months). The court may impose a sentence of imprisonment that includes a term of supervised release with a condition that substitutes community confinement or home detention for imprisonment, provided that at least one-half of the minimum of the guideline range is satisfied by imprisonment (if the minimum of the guideline range is 8, 9, or 10 months), or that at least one month is satisfied by imprisonment (if the minimum of the guideline range is 1, 2, 3, 4, or 6 months). The authorized length of the term of supervised release is set forth below in Item 4.b
3.	Impriso	ONMENT (U.S.S.G. ch. 5, pt. C)
		f imprisonment is authorized by the guidelines if it is within the applicable guideline range n Item 6 of Worksheet D). (See U.S.S.G. § 5C1.1.)

4.

5.

(WORKSHEET E, p. 2)

Supervisei	D RELEASE (U.S.S.G. ch 5., pt. D)
a. <u>Im</u>	aposition of a Term of Supervised Release (U.S.S.G. § 5D1.1)
one	the court must impose a term of supervised release if it imposes a term of imprisonment of more than the year, or if it is required to do so by statute. The court may impose a term of supervised release if imposes a term of imprisonment of one year or less.
b. <u>Le</u>	ength of Term of Supervised Release (U.S.S.G. § 5D1.2)
	least 3 years but not more than 5 years, where the count of conviction is a Class A or a Class B ony, i.e., an offense carrying a maximum term of imprisonment ≥ 25 years.
	least 2 years but not more than 3 years, where the count of conviction is a Class C or a Class D ony, i.e., an offense carrying a maximum term of imprisonment ≥ 5 years but < 25 years.
	year, where the count of conviction is a Class E felony or a Class A misdemeanor, i.e., an offense rrying a maximum term of imprisonment > 6 months but < 5 years.
4. Th	ne statute of conviction requires a minimum term of supervised release of months.
c. <u>C</u> c	onditions of Supervised Release (U.S.S.G. § 5D1.3)
	ne court must impose certain conditions of supervised release and may impose other conditions of pervised release.
RESTITUTIO	ON (U.S.S.G. § 5E1.1)
1. Th	ne court will determine whether restitution should be ordered and in what amount.
	Ill restitution to the victim(s) of the offense(s) of conviction is required by statute. (See, e.g., 18 S.C. §§ 3663A, 2327.) The parties agree that full restitution is \$
	ne parties agree that the court may order restitution to the victim(s) of the offense(s) of conviction in y amount up to and including \$ (See 18 U.S.C. §§ 3663(a)(3).)
4. Th	ne parties agree that the court may also order restitution to persons other than the victim(s) of the

offense(s) of conviction. (See 18 U.S.C. §§ 3663(a)(1)(A), 3663A(a)(3).)

5. Restitution is not applicable.

6. FINE	(U.S.S.G.	§	5E1	.2))
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а.	1 11103	101	IIIUI	viduai	Detelluants

The court must impose a fine unless "the defendant establishes that he [or she] is unable to pay and is not likely to become able to pay any fine." (See U.S.S.G. § 5E1.2(a).) Generally, the fine authorized by the guidelines is limited to the range established in the Fine Table. (See U.S.S.G. § 5E1.2(b).) However, there are exceptions to this general rule. (See U.S.S.G. § 5E1.2(b), (c)(4).)

b. Fine Range from Fine Table (U.S.S.G. § 5E1.2(c)(3))

Minimum Fine	<u> Maximum Fine</u>
\$7,500	\$75,000

7. SPECIAL ASSESSMENT(S) (U.S.S.G. § 5E1.3)

The court must impose a special assessment on every count of conviction. The special assessments for individual defendants are

\$100.00 for every count charging a felony (\$50.00 if the offense was completed before April 24, 1996)

- \$ 25.00 for every count charging a Class A misdemeanor,
- \$ 10.00 for every count charging a Class B misdemeanor, and
- \$ 5.00 for every count charging a Class C misdemeanor or an infraction.

The defendant must pay a special assessment or special assessments in the total amount of \$ _\$100.00...

8. ADDITIONAL APPLICABLE GUIDELINES, POLICY STATEMENTS	NTS. ANI) STATUTES
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List any additional applicable guideline, policy statement, or statute.	

9. UPWARD OR DOWNWARD DEPARTURE (U.S.S.G. ch. 5, pts. H & K)

List any applicable aggravating or mitig below the applicable guideline range.	ating circumstance that n	nigni support a term or imp	erisonment above or
6 -			